When is 100GbE per Lambda a Compelling Investment?

Joint OIDA and Ethernet Alliance 100GbE per Lambda for Data Center Workshop P3: Why is 100GbE per Lambda a Compelling Investment? San Jose, CA 12-13 June 2014 Chris Cole





Outline: 100GbE per Lambda

- Roadmap to Ultimate Architecture
- Next Step Alternatives
- Next Step Decision Process
- Next Step Proposal

Today's 100GbE : $4x 25G NRZ \lambda s$



Alternative to 4x DMLs is 4x Modulators & 4x CW lasers

Ultimate 100GbE: 1x 100G HOM λ



- Size: Enables SFP100 (single 100GbE) or CFP4/QSFP100 (quad 100GbE) modules
- Interface: linear (for which PAM-N has no implementation advantages over other formats like DMT or QAM)
- Timeline: >2020 gated by ASIC 100G I/O technology

Ultimate 100GbE Alternate Paths



How do we decide the right next step?

Next Step 100GbE Alt.1: 2x 50G NRZ λs



Quad 100G NRZ alt. 1: 1/2 (shown) or 1 laser / 100G TX

Next Step 100GbE Alt.2: 2x 50G PAM-4 λ s



Quad 100G PAM-4 alt2: 1/2 (shown) or 1 laser / 100G TX

Ultimate 100GbE Power: What Should It Be?

- Gen 1 100GbE-LR4 CFP w/ 4x EML TOSAs: 20W
- Gen 2 100GbE-LR4 CFP2 w/ DML PIC TOSA: 6W
- Gen 3 100GbE-LR4 CFP4 w/ DML PIC TOSA: 4W
- Gen 4 100GbE-LR4 QSFP28 w/ DML PIC TOSA: 3.5W
- Gen 4 100GbE CWDM QSFP28 w/ DML PIC TOSA: 3W
- Gen 5 100GbE 2x50G WDM w/ SiP PIC TOSA: 2W
- Ultimate 100GbE compelling target: 1W
- 1W/100G enables single 100GbE SFP100, and quad 100GbE (400GbE) CFP4/QSFP100

Next Step 100GbE Decision Tree



How to decide 50G/ λ vs. 100G/ λ Next Step?

- "Let's learn from history, be honest with ourselves and focus our efforts on the PMDs that really make sense." (Gary Nicholl, Mark Nowell, 802.3bs, Norfolk, May'14)
- History lessons:
 - 10GbE & 802.3ae
 - 40GbE & 802.3ba
 - 100GbE & 802.3ba
- Lessons applied:
 - 400GbE (4x100GbE) & 802.3bs

10GbE SMF PMDs & 802.3ae

- 1998: 10G/λ client optics (OC192) w/ 625M I/O introduced
- 1999: HSSG
- 2000-2002: 802.3ae
 - Deployed I/O rate: 2.5G (or 3G)
 - Predicted next I/O rate: 10G
 - Major optical PMD debate: $4x3G/\lambda$ vs. $1x10G/\lambda$
 - Adopted PMDs: $4x3G/\lambda$ (LX4) and $1x10G/\lambda$ (LR)
- >2002
 - XFI & SFI 10G I/O developed
 - 10G I/O becomes high-volume mainstream
 - 1x10G/λ wins

40GbE SMF PMDs & 802.3ba

- 1998: 10G/λ client optics (OC192) w/ 625M I/O introduced
- 2004: 40G/λ client optics (OC768) w/ 2.5G I/O introduced
- 2006-2007: HSSG
- 2008-2010: 802.3ba
 - Deployed I/O rate: 10G
 - Predicted next I/O rate: 25G
 - Major optical PMD debate: $4x10G/\lambda$ vs. $1x40G/\lambda$
 - Arguments in favor of 1x40G/λ: 1 laser & free CMOS
 - Adopted PMD: 4x10G/λ (LR4)
- >2010
 - 802.3bg specs. 1x40G/λ for low OpEx Telco modules
 - $4x10G/\lambda$ wins; much lower cost than $1x40G/\lambda$

100GbE SMF PMDs & 802.3ba

- 2004: 40G/λ client optics (OC768) w/ 2.5G I/O introduced
- 2006-2007: HSSG
- 2008-2010: 802.3ba
 - Deployed I/O rate: 10G
 - Predicted next I/O rate: 25G
 - Major optical PMD debate: 10x10G/λ vs. 4x25G/λ
 - Gen1 4x25G/λ optics derived from 40G/λ optics
 - Adopted PMD: $4x25G/\lambda$ (LR4)
- >2010
 - 10x10G MSA specs. 10x10G/λ for CFP modules
 - 25G I/O becoming high-volume mainstream
 - 4x25G/λ wins

4x 100GbE (400GbE) SMF PMDs & 802.3bs

- 2004: 40G/λ client optics (OC768) w/ 2.5G I/O introduced
- 2011: 25G/λ WDM optics (LR4) w/ 10G I/O introduced
- 2013: 400Gb/s Ethernet Study Group
- 2014-2016(?): 802.3bs
 - Deployed I/O rate: 25G
 - Predicted next I/O rate: 40/50G
 - Major optical PMD debate: 4x 2x50G/λ vs. 4x 1x100G/λ
 - 50G/λ would follow 10, 40, 100GbE precedent
 - Comparable optics in the market
 - $_{\odot}$ No faster / λ rate than predicted next I/O rate
 - $100G/\lambda$ would be unprecedented
 - No comparable optics rate in the market
 - 2 generation / λ rate jump, skipping high-volume step

The Most Important Cost Driver: Volume!

- 40/50G I/O will be the next high-volume mainstream rate including for 40/50G server down-links
- **50G/λ ICs will leverage mainstream 50G SerDes tech.**
- 50G/λ will cleanly connect to 50G I/O
- (4x) $2x50G/\lambda$ is the right next step in the standards
- 100G/λ optics require long term development starting now to be available for volume shipment >2020
 - $10G/\lambda$ was ~10 years to high-volume
 - $25G/\lambda$ is ~10 years to high-volume
 - 100G/λ first product development and deployment should be into apps where there is no alternate solution

Ex. inter-datacenter links <80km (see Beck Mason's presentation in Panel 2, 12 June 2014)

When is $100GbE/\lambda$ a Compelling Investment?

Thank you





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